Employee Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Respiratory Protection: Silica**

1. How often should training occur for employees who are required to wear respirators:
	1. Annually
	2. Quarterly
	3. Often if necessary
	4. Both a and c
2. When an exposure is at or above the PEL, how soon should the area be tested again:
	1. Within three months
	2. Within one month
	3. Within two weeks
	4. None of the above
3. Employers shall not permit the use of respirators for employees when:
	1. They have facial hair
	2. It doesn’t fit properly
	3. Wearing other PPE
	4. Both a and b
4. Silica can be found in:
	1. Sand
	2. Rock
	3. Granite
	4. All of the above
5. Employees should always use a properly fitted respirator approved by:
	1. OSHA
	2. CDC
	3. NIOSH
	4. DHHS
6. It is okay to store respirators near chemicals when they are not being worn:

True or False

1. The respirator does not have to be cleaned and disinfected if it is used by more than one person:

True or False

1. The employer must assess the workplace and provide respirators when necessary to protect the health of the employees:

True or False

1. Medical evaluations must be provided to determine each employee’s fitness to wear a respirator:

True or False

1. The respirator is the first control measure to ensure the safety of the employee: True or False
2. Exposure to silica can cause a curable lung disease called silicosis:

True or False

1. The selection of the respirator depends on the hazard and its extent:

True or False

1. To protect workers exposed to respirable crystalline OSHA has four standards: True or False
2. All respirators have the same APFs (Assigned Protection Factors):

True or False

1. The PEL for respirable crystalline is not in excess of 50μg/m³ per 8 hour time weighted average:

True or False